

LEWIS' "SINGLE BINDER."

A hand-made cigar fresh from the table, wrapped in foil, thus keeping fresh until smoked. A fresh cigar made of good tobacco is the ideal smoke. The old, well cured tobaccos used are so rich in quality that many who formerly smoked 10c cigars now smoke Lewis' Single Binder Straight 5c. Lewis' Single Binder costs the dealer some more than other 5c cigars, but the higher price enables this factory to use extra quality tobacco. There are many imitations; don't be fooled. There is no substitute! Tell the dealer you want a Lewis "Single Binder."

MISUNDERSTOOD HER



Mrs. Reeder (making a call)—And does your husband interest himself in books?
Mrs. Neuriche—No. Hiram keeps three bookkeepers.

LAWYER CURED OF ECZEMA

"While attending school at Lebanon, Ohio, in 1882, I became afflicted with boils, which lasted for about two years, when the affliction assumed the form of an eczema on my face, the lower part of my face being inflamed most of the time. There would be water-blisters rise up and open, and wherever the water would touch it would burn, and cause another one to rise. After the blister would open, the place would scab over, and would burn and itch so as to be almost unbearable at times. In this way the sores would spread from one place to another, back and forth over the whole of my upper lip and chin, and at times the whole lower part of my face would be a solid sore. This condition continued for four or five years, without getting any better, and in fact got worse all the time, so much so that my wife became alarmed lest it prove fatal.

"During all this time of boils and eczema, I doctored with the best physicians of this part of the country, but to no avail. Finally I decided to try Cuticura Remedies, which I did, taking the Cuticura Resolvent, applying the Cuticura Ointment to the sores, and using the Cuticura Soap for washing. In a very short time I began to notice improvement, and continued to use the Cuticura Remedies until I was well again, and have not had a recurrence of the trouble since, which is over twenty years. I have recommended Cuticura Remedies to others ever since, and have great faith in them as remedies for skin diseases." (Signed) A. C. Brandon, Attorney-at-Law, Greenville, O., Jan. 17, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 3 K, Boston.

Character in the Eye.

Beware of the man who does not look you clearly in the eye. He has possibilities of evil in his nature. There are eyes which are luminous, others which seem to be veiled behind a curtain.

Men and women of the world are accustomed to judge human nature by the expression of the eye. Many people read character by the eyes, and can thus distinguish the false from the loyal, the frank from the deceitful, the hard from the tender, the energetic from the indolent, the sympathetic from the indifferent.

Why, Willie!

Sunday School Teacher—Yes, Willie, the Lord loves every living creature.

Willie—I'll bet he was never stung by a wasp!—Puck.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Powder, the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Gives rest and comfort. Refuses substitutes. For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Commuter's Explanation.

The man in the iron mask explained "They assured me there were no mosquitoes here," he cried.

BEAUTIFUL POST CARDS FREE

Send to stamp for five samples of my very choice Gold Embossed Birthday, Flower and Motto Post Cards; beautiful color and loveliest designs. Art Post Card Club, 21 Jackson St., Topeka, Kansas.

A crowd is not company, and faces are but a gallery of pictures, and talk a tinkling cymbal, where there is no love.—Bacon.

THE BIG ONE THAT DID NOT GET AWAY



TARIFF NEXT WINTER

SITUATION SEEMS TO PROMISE PRETTY STRUGGLE.

Eyes of the Country Will Be on Members of Both Parties When Question of Protection Is Taken Up.

What will be the tariff situation next winter, and what will congress at the regular session do about it? Present prospects favor Sir Wilfrid Laurier in his appeal to the Canadian electorate on the reciprocity pact, and if he is successful the pact will be promptly ratified by the new government early in November. In that event so much of our tariff question will have been settled. But if Sir Wilfrid loses; if the pronouncement is against reciprocity, then President Taft's work will go for nothing, and the matters embraced in the pact will enter in some form into our general scheme of tariff revision.

If the wool bill is vetoed, or the two houses of congress fail in conference to agree upon a compromise, such a result will send the wool schedule over to the regular session, when the president will recommend action based upon the report he will by that time have received from the tariff board showing the cost of the production of woolen stuffs at home and abroad.

Likewise if the cotton schedule is vetoed, or falls in conference, and likewise if other schedules fail.

The tariff question, then, is going to be a hummer at the regular session, come what may, now or meantime. It cannot be avoided. The Payne law is on the books, under the denunciation of the Democratic leaders without exception, and under the condemnation of the voters as expressed at the polls last November. The country has instructed for further tariff revision, and the president is not seeking to delay the work longer than he thinks is necessary to proceed safely and intelligently. He cannot be convicted of playing politics, because the record of congress at the regular session, on the tariff as on other questions, will enter into the presidential campaign.

If the Democrats reject the figures and suggestions of the tariff board as then presented, upon whom and what will they depend for the material to guide them in the preparation of their new measures? The sources of the information they have recently been utilizing are not known except to themselves. The wool bill, the farmers' free list bill and the cotton bill were all framed in secret. The Republican members of the ways and means committee were not called in until the work in each instance was completed, and then only for the purpose of receiving formal notice of what the Democratic members had done.

The president may not accept as conclusive what is submitted to him by the tariff board, but may consult with business men and manufacturers before making his recommendations to congress. That will be his privilege, and almost his duty. But the board's work will be the basis of his study of the schedules he takes up, and the Democrats will have to be well prepared to meet him. And when the issue is joined between the president and congress—not protection versus free trade, but how much protection is necessary to keep up the American end of things—we shall witness a very pretty struggle.

NEW YORK PIVOTAL POINT

Victors in Next Presidential Election Will Have to Carry the Empire State.

The real battle of next year is likely to center in the states of New York and Ohio, with very little chance of Democratic success without the electoral vote of both or of New York alone. Ingenious combinations can be made up by which a Democratic candidate might win without New York if he carried Ohio, but they involve such narrow margins and improbable eddies and side-currents of public opinion that they hardly afford profitable matter for speculation.

Upon the winning of New York, therefore, must depend, as in the campaigns of 1880, 1884, 1888 and 1892, the real possibility of Democratic success. The Empire state will have, under the new apportionment, forty-five presidential electors, seven more than her nearest rival, Pennsylvania, and not far below double the twenty-four of Ohio. If the Democrats can carry New York, they can afford with equanimity to see Ohio swing back to her Republican moorings, and even to carry with her a group of smaller doubtful states.

How, then, to carry New York? In the answer to this question lies the crux of the Democratic situation. If the party could be marshaled as a cohesive whole, under leadership strong, sane and clear-sighted, it might be possible to present candidates and a platform which were a pledge of security to business enterprise and abstinence from radical agitation. . . . But where is the leadership to be found to map out such a policy or to enforce it by a two-thirds majority upon a Democratic national convention? Is it to be found among the followers of Mr. Bryan? or in the leadership of Champ Clark, or Oscar W. Underwood, or Henry George, or Mr. Fitzgerald of New York? Or is it to be found in the profound political foresight of Charles F. Murphy?

If such a policy is not attainable, what is left for the Democratic national organization but a choice between the policy of radicalism, which the country has three times repudiated, and the policy of incoherent criticism of Republican measures and policies, without venturing to propose anything definite and constructive in their place?—Ex-Democrat, in the North American Review.

Sorry Spouting.

The Hon. Beauchamp Clark escaped to Atlantic City for the purpose of bestowing on the Christian Endeavorers jewels of thought and information like this:

"There would be no trouble in running the republic if you had only country people to deal with. But in the city the inequalities of great wealth and great poverty have sprung up and corrupted our politics."

Apparently rural virtue is so spotless that, as Mr. Clark would know if his vocation as a Chautauquan and his avocation as a Bryanite statesman had not interfered with his studies, vote buying and political corruption thrive among the bucolic saints. It seems as though even Mr. Clark with all his natural and long improved gift for avoiding facts might have heard of Adams county, Ohio, for example, or of the Republican Galahads of "upstate" New York. But it is considering too curiously to consider so. The Pride of Pike is but buzzing and bombinating most Chautauquanly.—New York Sun.

Judah Carried Captive to Babylon

Sunday School Lesson for Aug. 27, 1911
Specially Arranged for This Paper

LESSON TEXT.—Jeremiah 39.
MEMORY VERSES, 9, 10.
GOLDEN TEXT.—"Be sure your sin will find you out."—Num. 32:23.
TIME.—B. C. 586, July. The 11th year of Zedekiah, the 9th day of the 4th month.
PLACE.—Jerusalem. Also the surrounding country. Nebuchadnezzar was at Riblah in Hamath in northern Syria. The captives were taken to Babylon.
The Route of the captives was not directly east through the desert, but northward through Syria to the Euphrates, thence southeast down the river to Babylon.
PROPHETS.—Jeremiah in Judah and Egypt. Ezekiel on the river Chebar, "The grand canal," southeast of the city of Babylon. Daniel in Babylon.

Nebuchadnezzar was a great general in 605, in his first siege of Jerusalem, and became sole emperor B. C. 604. He made Babylon glorious during his reign of 43 years. He was in his 18th year when he began this siege.

Jerusalem was at this time a city of 20,000 inhabitants. Against the huge engines of Asiatic warfare the besieged citizens constructed counter-engines; and the struggle was worthy of the occasion—a combat or duel not only of courage, but of skill and intelligence, between Babylon and Jerusalem. Houses were demolished, that new walls might be built of their materials, inside each spot weakened by the battering-rams.

The ramparts were vigorously defended by archers and slingers, equal in bravery to those of the Chaldeans. The rams were caught, when possible, by doubled chains or ropes to weaken their blows, or, if it might be, to capsize them. Lighted torches and fire-brands were thrown on their roofs and on those of the catapults, to set them on fire. The gates of the town were zealously defended against the efforts of the enemy to burst them open or to burn them.

At last there was no food for the people, and famine prevailed.

The houses were full of the sick and wounded; bloody fights between contending parties, as to surrendering or holding out, crowded the streets with fresh horrors; the roar of the siege night and day filled the air. A breach was made in the city, at midnight. The princes of the king of Babylon came in, the generals and high officials, Nebuchadnezzar himself was at the breach.

The king of the Chaldees slew their young men with the sword in the house of their sanctuary, and had no compassion upon young man or maiden, old man, or him that stooped for age; he gave them all into his hand. And they burnt the house of God.

They slew the sons of Zedekiah before his eyes, so that the last things his eyes ever saw, a perpetual memory, were the agonies of his sons, and of his friends, all the nobles of Judah. They put out Zedekiah's eyes. He would have no more opportunities of conspiring against his rulers.

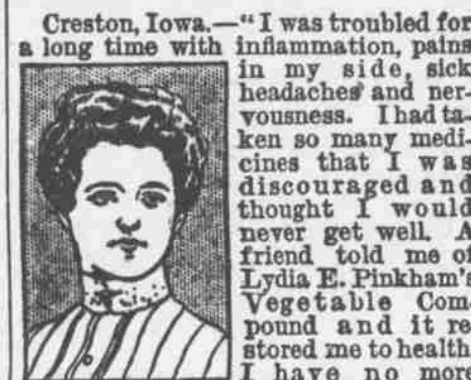
God spoke by the tongue of Ezekiel one of the most mysterious and most curious predictions in the entire Bible. He declared that King Zedekiah should be led into Babylon a captive, should there live and there die, and yet he should never see the city. So singular is this record that we must read the verses just as he wrote them out. Now put with this a parallel passage. Jeremiah was thrown into prison by his monarch. While there under bonds, he in like manner predicted the downfall of Jerusalem; and he said that Zedekiah should speak with Nebuchadnezzar mouth to mouth, and see his eyes. The history we have just considered shows how these prophecies were fulfilled and the captives carried to Babylon.

The way of Transgressors is the choice of those who walk in it. God, good men, angels, laws, all are against any man's walking therein. The way of transgressors is hard indeed, because of the awful punishment at the end of the way. Like the human victim selected for sacrifice by the Aztecs, who for weeks was feasted and honored, but who knew all the time what the end was to be. So the sinful know that the end of their way is death, and the consciousness of this throws a shadow over all the life before. The ruin from sin is an awful tragedy; but whenever sin goes unpunished the sin increases. Murders have greatly increased in this country, where the majority of murderers go unpunished.

The way of transgressors is very hard, not only on account of the punishment at the end, but because so many barriers must be broken down and restraining influences must be overcome in order to go on in sin—the love of God, the conscience and moral nature, the word of God, the Holy Spirit, the sense of honor, God's goodness, early training, the influences of religion.

INFLAMMATION AND PAIN

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Creston, Iowa.—"I was troubled for a long time with inflammation, pains in my side, sick headaches and nervousness. I had taken so many medicines that I was discouraged and thought I would never get well. A friend told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to health. I have no more pain, my nerves are stronger and I can do my own work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me after everything else had failed, and I recommend it to other suffering women."—Mrs. Wm. Seals 605 W. Howard St., Creston, Iowa.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.

A DIFFERENCE.



Mrs. Jinks—My husband is making a collection of steins.

Mrs. Booze A. Lott—My husband is making a collection of the contents of steins.

Remarkable Fish.

"I thought you said there were fish around here," said the disappointed sportsman.

"There are," replied Farmer Corn-tassel. "But they are experienced fish. Moreover, they're kind and considerate."

"I haven't had a nibble."

"Well, you don't think they'd bite at that brand-new fancy tackle, do you? They'd stand off and admire it, but they'd never take a chance on gettin' it muddled up."

A Large Package

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Post Toasties

Served with cream, milk or fruit—fresh or cooked.

Crisp, golden-brown bits of white corn—delicious and wholesome—

A flavour that appeals to young and old.

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